

SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DISTRICT

Off-Road Vehicle Component

AG TRACTOR REPLACEMENT PROGRAM

APPLICATION

AGRICULTURAL TRACTOR / MOBILE EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT OPTION

SECTION 1 - APPLICANT INFORMATION (PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE)

ORGANIZATION INFORMATION		
1. Organization, Company, or Proprietor's Name (as it appears on Form W-9): City of Merced		
2. Address: 678 W. 18th Street		
3. City: Merced	4. State: CA	5. Zip Code: 95340
6. Mailing Address (if different from above):		
7. City:	8. State:	9. Zip Code:
10. Have you applied to any other grant programs for this piece of equipment? ☐ Yes ☒ No If yes, please explain and provide the name of the agency:		
11. If you would prefer <i>priority funding</i> please provide your DUNS number below: DUNS#: 169211554 DUNS number is registered with sam.gov ? ☒ Yes ☐ No <i>For information on how register your entity on SAM.gov please see the attached SAM Quick Start Guide</i>		

SECTION 2- CONTACT INFORMATION (PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE)

PRIMARY CONTACT INFORMATION	
1. First and Last Name: Charles Slagter	2. Title: WWTP Operations Supervisor
3. Phone Number: (209) 385-6207	4. Fax Number:
5. Alternate Contact Number: (209) 385-6892	6. Email: slagterc@cityofmerced.org
CONTRACT SIGNING AUTHORITY INFORMATION (IF DIFFERENT FROM ABOVE)	
7. First and Last Name: Steve Carrigan	8. Title: City Manager
9. Phone Number: (209) 385-6834	10. Fax Number:
11. Alternate Contact Number: (209) 388-8668	12. Email: carrigans@cityofmerced.org
☒ Check here if you prefer to have all correspondence and your contract emailed to you.	

SECTION 3 – EXISTING/OLD EQUIPMENT ACTIVITY INFORMATION (PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE)

1. Equipment Address: 10260 Gove Road	
2. City: Merced	3. Zip Code: 95341
4. Applicant Designated Fleet Number for Equipment (if applicable): L-845	
5. County of Operation (check all that apply): ☐ Fresno ☐ Kern (Valley Portion) ☐ Kings ☐ Madera ☒ Merced ☐ San Joaquin ☐ Stanislaus ☐ Tulare ☐ Other, specify:	
6. Equipment Type: (examples: agricultural tractor, wheel loader, baler, combine, grader, forklift, etc.) agricultural tractor	
7. Annual Operation (in hours): approximately 500 hours	
8. % Use in SJVAPCD: 100%	9. % Use in California: 100%
10. Have you owned and operated the equipment in California for the previous two (2) years? ☒ Yes ☐ No, this equipment is ineligible for funding.	
11. Is this equipment operational? ☒ Yes ☐ No, this equipment is ineligible for funding.	

SECTION 4 – EXISTING/OLD EQUIPMENT INFORMATION (PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE)

1. Equipment Make: Case IH	2. Equipment Model: CX90
3. Equipment Model Year: 1999	4. Equipment Identification Number (VIN or PIN): C090AS4JJE1009879
5. Engine Make: Perkins	6. Engine Model: Perkins Type 5632/2200; Perkins Family PKXL03.8L
7. Engine Model Year: 1999	8. Advertised Horsepower Rating: 90
9. Engine Serial Number: AQ507130927	
10. US EPA Engine Family Name (if available):	
11. Engine Tier: ☐ Uncontrolled, Tier 0 ☒ Tier 1 ☐ Tier 2 ☐ Tier 3 or 4 (ineligible for funding)	
12. Fuel Type: ☒ Diesel ☐ Gasoline (ineligible for funding) ☐ Propane (ineligible for funding)	

SECTION 5 – NEW REPLACEMENT EQUIPMENT INFORMATION (PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE)

1. Equipment Make: Case IH		
2. Equipment Model: Magnum	3. Equipment Model Year: 2019	
4. Engine Make: FPT		
5. Engine Model: F2CFE614D*B	6. Engine Model Year: 2019	
7. Fuel Type: Diesel	8. Advertised Horsepower Rating: 310	
9. US EPA Engine Family Name: KFPXL08.7T4V		
10. Engine Tier: ☐ Tier 1 (Ineligible for funding) ☐ Tier 2 (Ineligible for funding) ☐ Tier 3 (Flex) ☐ Tier 4 Alt NOx ☐ Interim Tier 4 ☒ Tier 4 Final		
11. Total Cost of New Equipment: \$316,702.03	12. Tax Rate: 8.25%	

SECTION 6 – NEW REPLACEMENT EQUIPMENT DEALER INFORMATION (PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE)

1. Dealership Name: N & S Tractor Co		
2. Address: 600 S. Hwy 59		
3. City: Merced	4. State: CA	5. Zip Code: 95341
6. Contact Name: Bob Souza		
7. Phone Number: (209) 383-5888	8. Fax Number: (209) 722-2411	9. Email: bob@nstractor.com

THIRD PARTY INFORMATION

This section **must be completed** if any part of the application was filled out on your behalf by a third party. Please sign & date.

1. Contact Name:	2. Title:
3. Business Name:	4. Phone Number:
5. Cost of Services (not eligible for funding reimbursement):	6. Source of Funds to Pay for Third Party Services:

I hereby certify that all information provided in this application and any attachments are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, and that SJVAPCD funds may not be utilized to compensate me for my services.

Third Party Signature

Date

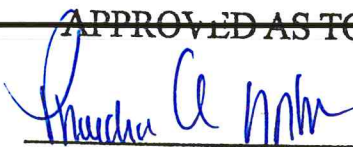
CERTIFICATIONS FORM

By signing this Certifications form, I certify that I have read and understand the Eligibility Criteria and Application Guidelines document and agree to adhere to its requirements. Additionally, by signing this Certifications form, I certify to the statements and agree to adhere to the terms and conditions described below:

1. The emission reductions obtained through this program are not required by any federal, state, or local regulation, memorandum of agreement/understanding (MOA/MOU) with a regulatory agency, settlement agreement, mitigation requirement, or other legal mandate.
2. Projects funded by SJVAPCD will not be used as marketable emission reduction credits, to offset any emission reduction obligation, or for credit under any federal or state emission averaging, banking and trading program. In addition, projects funded through this program may not be used to generate a compliance extension or extra credit for determining regulatory compliance.
3. Proposed project has not received funding or is not under agreement with any other air district, ARB, or any other public agency. Any current financial incentive that directly reduces the project cost; including tax credits or deductions, grants, or other public financial assistance for the same engine or equipment; must be disclosed to the SJVAPCD.
4. The new replacement equipment will be domiciled within the boundaries of the SJVAPCD and the participant will operate the new equipment at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the equipment's annual hours of operation within California and fifty percent (50%) within SJVAPCD boundaries.
5. The new replacement equipment will have no more than 250 hours on the hour meter at the time of purchase, will serve the same function and perform the same work equivalent as the old equipment(s). In addition, participant will comply with the reporting requirements of the program and keep appropriate records through the full term of the agreement, as determined by the SJVAPCD and ARB.
6. ARB is providing flexibility that allows participants in the Carl Moyer Program to opt-out of the default retrofit requirement for equipment not subject to an approved in-use regulation. Due to any existing or future regulations, the applicant may be required to install a retrofit on the engine at the applicant's expense if an OEM is not already installed on the new equipment. The designated agreement signing authority intends to opt-out of the default retrofit requirement and understands that due to any existing or future regulations the applicant may be required to install a retrofit(s) on the engine(s) at the applicant's expense.
7. Participant certifies that the equipment submitted in the application operates 100% of the time in agricultural operations as defined in the Off-Road Regulation and is therefore exempt from the regulation. (See Page 3 of the TRP guidelines for the definition) OR Participant certifies that the equipment submitted in the application operates between 51% and 99% of the time in agricultural operations as defined in the Off-Road Regulation and is therefore exempt from the performance requirements of the regulation. All other requirements of the regulation, such as, reporting fleet information to ARB's Diesel Off-Road On-Line Reporting System (DOORS) and labeling the participant's equipment with an ARB Equipment Identification Number (EIN), have been met. Documentation from the DOORS has been submitted with the application.
8. I certify under penalty of perjury that I will not accept a grant from any other local, state or federal agency, including any funding from the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS), for the equipment on this application.
9. I agree not to purchase, make a payment towards, and/or take possession of new replacement equipment prior to receiving an executed contract from the SJVAPCD.

Contract Signing Authority Signature

Date

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Application
Page 4 of 5
REVISED August 2018

APPLICATION PACKET CHECKLIST

This application is limited to the purchase of one new reduced-emission replacement equipment. Please complete a separate application for each new piece of replacement equipment you intend to purchase. When submitting a project for consideration, submit a **complete** application packet. An incomplete application packet will lengthen the application processing time and delay possible incentive funding. A complete application packet includes the following items:

- ☐ Completed **Application**, all four (4) pages, which include the following:
 - ☐ If applicable, completed **Third Party Information** section (page 3).
 - ☐ Completed and signed **Certifications Form** (page 4).
- ☐ First page of IRS Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification Form W-9 (**Form W-9**).
- ☐ Dated and itemized dealer **quote** for the new replacement equipment (previously owned equipment is not eligible). The quote must, at a minimum, include the following:
 - The applicant/organization name and address.
 - The replacement equipment dealer name and address.
 - The replacement equipment make, model and model year.
 - The ARB certified engine make, model, advertised horsepower (**not** PTO horsepower) and US EPA Engine Family Name
 - A complete and detailed breakdown of all material costs: replacement equipment, new engine, core charge, hardware, warranty costs, freight or shipping costs, setup fees, document preparation fees, tire disposal fees, and the sales tax with the percentage rate indicated. Please list all additional and optional equipment or attachments separately in a line item format.

Funding amounts are based on a dollar per advertised horsepower basis, based on the horsepower rating of the engine in the new equipment according to the following table, **not to exceed 60% of the eligible costs**. Maximum eligible incentive amounts are calculated up to the cost-effectiveness limit and may not necessarily reflect the maximum funding amount based on the aforementioned funding table:

Cotton Pickers & Wheel Loaders (advertised hp rating)	SJVAPCD Incentive
All Horsepower Ratings	\$650/hp
Agricultural Tractors (advertised hp rating)	SJVAPCD Incentive
25-74	\$300/hp
75-149	\$350/hp
150 +	\$500/hp
Specialty Equipment (advertised hp rating)	SJVAPCD Incentive
25-109	\$450/hp
110+	\$500/hp

Please return all completed applications to:

1990 East Gettysburg Avenue Fresno, CA 93726-0244

Phone: (559) 230-5800 ■ Fax: (559) 230-6112 ■ Email: grants@valleyair.org

Don't forget to retain a full copy of the completed application for your own records.

For additional assistance, please contact staff in the Strategies and Incentives Department at (559) 230-5800.



Quick Start Guide for Entities Interested in Being Eligible for Grants



How to register your entity to be eligible for GRANTS in SAM:

Before you register, you need to know the following:

What is an Entity?

In SAM, your company/business/organization is now referred to as an "Entity."

• REGISTERING IN SAM IS FREE.

- If you were registered in CCR, your company's information is already in SAM. You just need to set up a SAM account. See the "Migrating Roles" Quick Start Guide.

Your Entity's DUNS Number

You need a DUNS to register your entity in SAM.

- If you do not have a DUNS number, you can request a DUNS number for free by visiting D&B at <http://fedgov.dnb.com/webform>
- It takes 1-2 business days to obtain a DUNS.

Your Entity's Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

You need your entity's Tax ID Number (TIN) and taxpayer name (as it appears on your last tax return). Foreign entities that do not pay employees within the U.S. do not need to provide a TIN.

- A TIN is an Employer Identification Number (EIN) assigned by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).
- Sole proprietors may use their Social Security Number (SSN) assigned by the Social Security Administration (SSA) if they do not have a TIN, but please be advised it will not be treated as privacy act data in SAM.
- To obtain an EIN visit: www.irs.gov/businesses/small/article/0,,id=102767,00.html
- Activating a new EIN with the IRS takes 2-5 weeks.

Steps For Registering Your Entity in SAM

1. Go to www.sam.gov
2. Create a Personal Account and Login
3. Click "Register New Entity" under "Manage Entity" on your "My SAM" page
4. Select your type of Entity
5. Select "No" to "Do you wish to bid on contracts?"
6. Select "Yes" to "Do you want to be eligible for grants and other federal assistance?"
7. Complete "Core Data"
 - ✓ Validate your DUNS information
 - ✓ Enter Business Information (TIN, etc.)
 - ✓ Enter CAGE code if you have one. If not, one will be assigned to you after your registration is completed. Foreign registrants must enter NCAGE code.
 - ✓ Enter General Information (business types, organization structure, etc)
 - ✓ Financial Information (Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) Information)
 - ✓ Executive Compensation
 - ✓ Proceedings Details
8. Complete "Points of Contact"
9. Your entity registration will become active after 3-5 days when the IRS validates your TIN information.

How do I get more information? Take a look at the SAM User Guide.



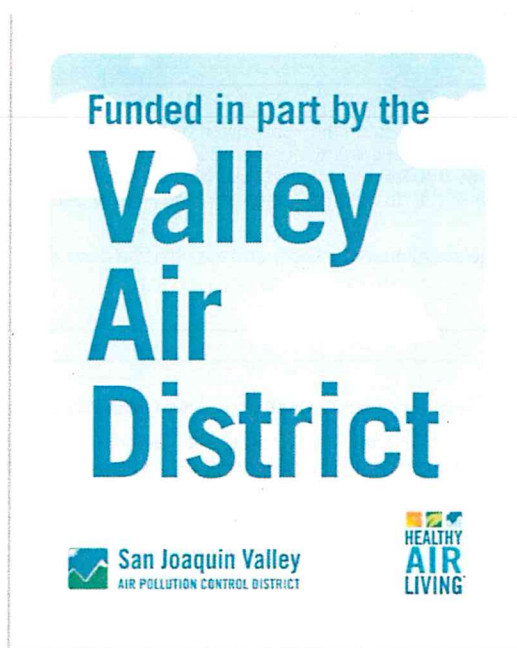
Go to Our Website: www.sam.gov



Contact the SAM Help Desk: www.fsd.gov

VALLEY AIR DISTRICT STICKER

After receiving a signed, executed contract, a "Funded in part by the Valley Air District" sticker will be attached to the hood of all new replacement equipment. The sticker will be provided and attached by a SJVAPCD inspector during the post-inspection prior to incentive reimbursement. Funding will not be dispersed if the aforementioned sticker is not attached and visible for the post-inspection pictures. See below for a picture of the 4"x5" sticker:



For additional information, please contact:

**San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District
Strategies and Incentives Department
1990 East Gettysburg Avenue
Fresno, CA 93726-0244**

You may also contact us by phone, email, or visit our website:

(559) 230-5800

grants@valleyair.org

www.valleyair.org

Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Give Form to the
requester. Do not
send to the IRS.

Print or type See Specific Instructions on page 2.	1 Name (as shown on your income tax return). Name is required on this line; do not leave this line blank.	
	2 Business name/disregarded entity name, if different from above	
	3 Check appropriate box for federal tax classification; check only one of the following seven boxes: ☐ Individual/sole proprietor or single-member LLC ☐ Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (C=C corporation, S=S corporation, P=partnership) ▶ _____ Note. For a single-member LLC that is disregarded, do not check LLC; check the appropriate box in the line above for the tax classification of the single-member owner. ☐ Other (see instructions) ▶ _____	4 Exemptions (codes apply only to certain entities, not individuals; see instructions on page 3): Exempt payee code (if any) _____ Exemption from FATCA reporting code (if any) _____ (Applies to accounts maintained outside the U.S.)
	5 Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.)	Requester's name and address (optional)
	6 City, state, and ZIP code	
7 List account number(s) here (optional)		

Part I Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on line 1 to avoid backup withholding. For individuals, this is generally your social security number (SSN). However, for a resident alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the Part I instructions on page 3. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see *How to get a TIN* on page 3.

Note. If the account is in more than one name, see the instructions for line 1 and the chart on page 4 for guidelines on whose number to enter.

Social security number									
				-				-	
or									
Employer identification number									
				-					

Part II Certification

Under penalties of perjury, I certify that:

1. The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me); and
2. I am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding; and
3. I am a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below); and
4. The FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that I am exempt from FATCA reporting is correct.

Certification instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. See the instructions on page 3.

Sign Here	Signature of U.S. person ▶	Date ▶
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General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Future developments. Information about developments affecting Form W-9 (such as legislation enacted after we release it) is at www.irs.gov/fw9.

Purpose of Form

An individual or entity (Form W-9 requester) who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) which may be your social security number (SSN), individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN), or employer identification number (EIN), to report on an information return the amount paid to you, or other amount reportable on an information return. Examples of information returns include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Form 1099-INT (interest earned or paid)
- Form 1099-DIV (dividends, including those from stocks or mutual funds)
- Form 1099-MISC (various types of income, prizes, awards, or gross proceeds)
- Form 1099-B (stock or mutual fund sales and certain other transactions by brokers)
- Form 1099-S (proceeds from real estate transactions)
- Form 1099-K (merchant card and third party network transactions)

- Form 1098 (home mortgage interest), 1098-E (student loan interest), 1098-T (tuition)
 - Form 1099-C (canceled debt)
 - Form 1099-A (acquisition or abandonment of secured property)
- Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN.

If you do not return Form W-9 to the requester with a TIN, you might be subject to backup withholding. See What is backup withholding? on page 2.

By signing the filled-out form, you:

1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income, and
4. Certify that FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that you are exempt from the FATCA reporting, is correct. See *What is FATCA reporting?* on page 2 for further information.

Note. If you are a U.S. person and a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Definition of a U.S. person. For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien;
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States;
- An estate (other than a foreign estate); or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax under section 1446 on any foreign partners' share of effectively connected taxable income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, the rules under section 1446 require a partnership to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the section 1446 withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid section 1446 withholding on your share of partnership income.

In the cases below, the following person must give Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States:

- In the case of a disregarded entity with a U.S. owner, the U.S. owner of the disregarded entity and not the entity;
- In the case of a grantor trust with a U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner, generally, the U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner of the grantor trust and not the trust; and
- In the case of a U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust), the U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person or the U.S. branch of a foreign bank that has elected to be treated as a U.S. person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 or Form 8233 (see Publication 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items:

1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
2. The treaty article addressing the income.
3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8 or Form 8233.

Backup Withholding

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 28% of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester,
2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the Part II instructions on page 3 for details),

3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN,

4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or

5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See *Exempt payee code* on page 3 and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Also see *Special rules for partnerships* above.

What is FATCA reporting?

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) requires a participating foreign financial institution to report all United States account holders that are specified United States persons. Certain payees are exempt from FATCA reporting. See *Exemption from FATCA reporting code* on page 3 and the Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Updating Your Information

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you no longer are tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account; for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

Penalties

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Line 1

You must enter one of the following on this line; **do not** leave this line blank. The name should match the name on your tax return.

If this Form W-9 is for a joint account, list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of Form W-9.

a. **Individual.** Generally, enter the name shown on your tax return. If you have changed your last name without informing the Social Security Administration (SSA) of the name change, enter your first name, the last name as shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

Note. ITIN applicant: Enter your individual name as it was entered on your Form W-7 application, line 1a. This should also be the same as the name you entered on the Form 1040/1040A/1040EZ you filed with your application.

b. **Sole proprietor or single-member LLC.** Enter your individual name as shown on your 1040/1040A/1040EZ on line 1. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as" (DBA) name on line 2.

c. **Partnership, LLC that is not a single-member LLC, C Corporation, or S Corporation.** Enter the entity's name as shown on the entity's tax return on line 1 and any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.

d. **Other entities.** Enter your name as shown on required U.S. federal tax documents on line 1. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.

e. **Disregarded entity.** For U.S. federal tax purposes, an entity that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner is treated as a "disregarded entity." See Regulations section 301.7701-2(c)(2)(iii). Enter the owner's name on line 1. The name of the entity entered on line 1 should never be a disregarded entity. The name on line 1 should be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income should be reported. For example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a single owner that is a U.S. person, the U.S. owner's name is required to be provided on line 1. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on line 2, "Business name/disregarded entity name." If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, the owner must complete an appropriate Form W-8 instead of a Form W-9. This is the case even if the foreign person has a U.S. TIN.

Line 2

If you have a business name, trade name, DBA name, or disregarded entity name, you may enter it on line 2.

Line 3

Check the appropriate box in line 3 for the U.S. federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one box in line 3.

Limited Liability Company (LLC). If the name on line 1 is an LLC treated as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes, check the "Limited Liability Company" box and enter "P" in the space provided. If the LLC has filed Form 8832 or 2553 to be taxed as a corporation, check the "Limited Liability Company" box and in the space provided enter "C" for C corporation or "S" for S corporation. If it is a single-member LLC that is a disregarded entity, do not check the "Limited Liability Company" box; instead check the first box in line 3 "Individual/sole proprietor or single-member LLC."

Line 4, Exemptions

If you are exempt from backup withholding and/or FATCA reporting, enter in the appropriate space in line 4 any code(s) that may apply to you.

Exempt payee code.

• Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding.

- Except as provided below, corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, including interest and dividends.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding for payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding with respect to attorneys' fees or gross proceeds paid to attorneys, and corporations that provide medical or health care services are not exempt with respect to payments reportable on Form 1099-MISC.

The following codes identify payees that are exempt from backup withholding. Enter the appropriate code in the space in line 4.

- 1—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2)
- 2—The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities
- 3—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities
- 4—A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities
- 5—A corporation
- 6—A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a U.S. commonwealth or possession
- 7—A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission
- 8—A real estate investment trust
- 9—An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940
- 10—A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a)
- 11—A financial institution
- 12—A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian
- 13—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 13.

IF the payment is for . . .	THEN the payment is exempt for . . .
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 7
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4 and 6 through 11 and all C corporations. S corporations must not enter an exempt payee code because they are exempt only for sales of noncovered securities acquired prior to 2012.
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 4
Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 ¹	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 5 ²
Payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4

¹ See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

² However, the following payments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney reportable under section 6045(f), and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

Exemption from FATCA reporting code. The following codes identify payees that are exempt from reporting under FATCA. These codes apply to persons submitting this form for accounts maintained outside of the United States by certain foreign financial institutions. Therefore, if you are only submitting this form for an account you hold in the United States, you may leave this field blank. Consult with the person requesting this form if you are uncertain if the financial institution is subject to these requirements. A requester may indicate that a code is not required by providing you with a Form W-9 with "Not Applicable" (or any similar indication) written or printed on the line for a FATCA exemption code.

A—A corporation exempt from tax under section 501(a) or any individual retirement plan as defined in section 7701(a)(37)

B—The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities

C—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities

D—A corporation the stock of which is regularly traded on one or more established securities markets, as described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)

E—A corporation that is a member of the same expanded affiliated group as a corporation described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)

F—A dealer in securities, commodities, or derivative financial instruments (including notional principal contracts, futures, forwards, and options) that is registered as such under the laws of the United States or any state

G—A real estate investment trust

H—A regulated investment company as defined in section 851 or an entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940

I—A common trust fund as defined in section 584(a)

J—A bank as defined in section 581

K—A broker

L—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947(a)(1)

M—A tax exempt trust under a section 403(b) plan or section 457(g) plan

Note. You may wish to consult with the financial institution requesting this form to determine whether the FATCA code and/or exempt payee code should be completed.

Line 5

Enter your address (number, street, and apartment or suite number). This is where the requester of this Form W-9 will mail your information returns.

Line 6

Enter your city, state, and ZIP code.

Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN. However, the IRS prefers that you use your SSN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner (see *Limited Liability Company (LLC)* on this page), enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). Do not enter the disregarded entity's EIN. If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

Note. See the chart on page 4 for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local SSA office or get this form online at www.ssa.gov. You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/businesses and clicking on Employer Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business. You can get Forms W-7 and SS-4 from the IRS by visiting IRS.gov or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676).

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, apply for a TIN and write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

Note. Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

Caution: A disregarded U.S. entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if items 1, 4, or 5 below indicate otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on line 1 must sign. Exempt payees, see *Exempt payee code* earlier.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 5 below.

1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.

3. Real estate transactions. You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.

4. Other payments. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).

5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

What Name and Number To Give the Requester

For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
1. Individual	The individual
2. Two or more individuals (joint account)	The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account ¹
3. Custodian account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor ²
4. a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee) b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law	The grantor-trustee ¹ The actual owner ¹
5. Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual	The owner ³
6. Grantor trust filing under Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 1 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(A))	The grantor ⁴
For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
7. Disregarded entity not owned by an individual	The owner
8. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity ⁴
9. Corporation or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832 or Form 2553	The corporation
10. Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax-exempt organization	The organization
11. Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership
12. A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee
13. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity
14. Grantor trust filing under the Form 1041 Filing Method or the Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 2 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(B))	The trust

¹ List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

² Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

³ You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or DBA name on the "Business name/disregarded entity" name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.

⁴ List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.) Also see *Special rules for partnerships* on page 2.

***Note.** Grantor also must provide a Form W-9 to trustee of trust.

Note. If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

Secure Your Tax Records from Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, SSN, or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- Protect your SSN,
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If your tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but you think you are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity or credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 1-800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039.

For more information, see Publication 4535, Identity Theft Prevention and Victim Assistance.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a system problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes. Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to phishing@irs.gov. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration (TIGTA) at 1-800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at: spam@uce.gov or contact them at www.ftc.gov/idtheft or 1-877-IDTHEFT (1-877-438-4338).

Visit IRS.gov to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons (including federal agencies) who are required to file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, or certain other income paid to you; mortgage interest you paid; the acquisition or abandonment of secured property; the cancellation of debt; or contributions you made to an IRA, Archer MSA, or HSA. The person collecting this form uses the information on the form to file information returns with the IRS, reporting the above information. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and possessions for use in administering their laws. The information also may be disclosed to other countries under a treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce civil and criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Under section 3406, payers must generally withhold a percentage of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to the payer. Certain penalties may also apply for providing false or fraudulent information.

