

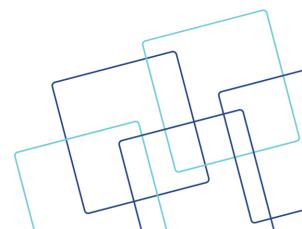
The Brown Act Overview & Governance Tips

City of Merced Recreation & Parks Commission

Presented by:

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Topics

- Brown Act Overview
- Governance Tips



Brown Act Overview

The Legislature adopted the Brown Act, commonly referred to as California's "Open Meetings Laws" in 1964.

On November 2, 2004, the voters approved Proposition 59 to mandate that the Brown Act, be broadly construed in furtherance of the public's "right of access to information concerning the conduct of the people's business."





What Does The Brown Act Require?

- Actions & deliberations taken openly & in public
- Meetings are public, unless closed session is allowed
- Meeting agendas and packets must be publicly available
- Agenda posted on City's
 Commission website (Direct Link) or dedicated webpage





Who is Subject to the Brown Act?



- Governing Bodies
- Subcommittees and Commissions
- Private Entity Created by Legislative Body or Funded by Local Agency
- Hospital Lessee





Governing Bodies

Subject to the Brown Act if entity is the governing body of a local agency or any other local body created by state or federal statute.

Gov. Code, § 54952 (a)



Brown Act Overview – What Is A Meeting?

- Any congregation of a majority of members at the same time and location to hear, discuss, or deliberate on any item within the Public Agency's jurisdiction.
- Even if no action taken or no concurrence reached.





What Is Not a "Meeting"?

The following scenarios are not "meetings" under the Brown Act:

- Individual Contact
- Public Conferences
- Other Local Agency Meetings
- Community Meetings
- Social Gatherings
- Staff Meetings
- Confirming Availability for a Meeting





Brown Act

- Serial Communications
 - "chain links"
 - "hub and spokes"





Serial Meetings

"[A] serial meeting is a series of communications, each of which involves less than a quorum of the legislative body, but which taken as a whole involves a majority of the body's members."

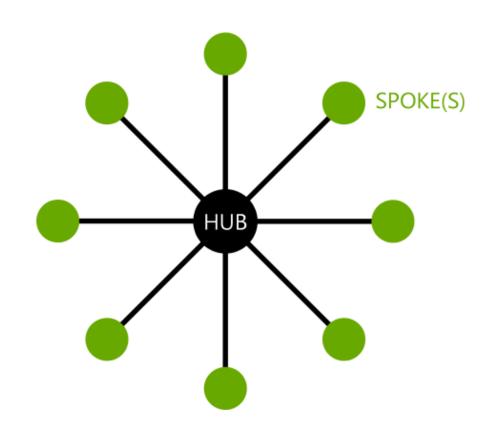
(Attorney General's Brown Act Handbook)



Serial Meetings

LINEAR OR CHAIN MEETING

HUB OR SPOKE MEETING





Serial Meetings Can Occur Through the Use of Technology





Brown Act & Social Media

Commission Member Use of Social Media: Gov. Code § 54952.2

PERMITTED

- Individual Commission member may engage in conversations or communications on a social media platform to:
 - (1) Answer questions from the public
 - (2) Provide information to the public
 - (3) Solicit information from the public regarding a matter that is within the subject matter jurisdiction of the legislative body.

PROHIBITED

- (1) A majority of the legislative body using a social media to discuss among themselves agency business of a specific nature that is within the subject matter jurisdiction of the agency; and
- (2) Any member of the legislative body responding directly to any communication from another member on an internet-based social media platform regarding a matter within their subject-matter jurisdiction.

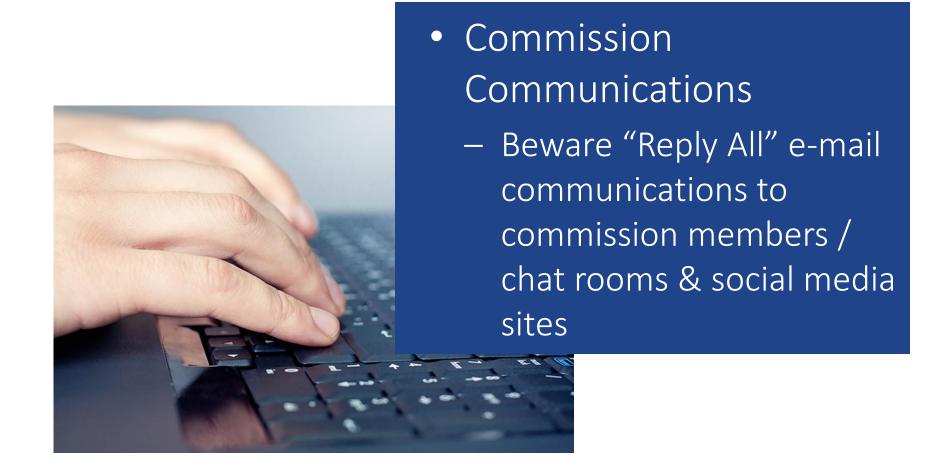


One-Way Transmission of Information

- Agency employees and officials can provide information to commission members if they are not communicating the position of other commission members
- One-way transmission of information by a commission member to other commission members is ... complicated
 - Avoid communicating a position
 - Information only, with no responses, may be permissible (e.g., an article)



Hidden Pitfalls





The Agenda

- All items must appear on the agenda
- Exceptions:
 - 1. Emergency Situation
 - 2. "Subsequent Need" Items
 - 3. Held-Over Items
 - 4. Response to Public \
 Comments/Announcements





Public Participation

A commission meeting is a meeting of the commission held in public, not a meeting of the public held in front of the commission.



Public Participation

- Public comment
- Recording / photography

Disruptions



Response to Public Comments

- Commission may:
 - Respond <u>briefly</u>
 - Ask or answer questions
 - Refer to staff
 - Ask to add item to future agenda per "rules or procedures" of the Commission
 - However it is not an open dialogue



Inspection of Documents

Writings distributed before a meeting

- During a meeting
- Distributed by the public



Parliamentary Procedure: General Rules of Conduct

- Meetings should be
 - Orderly
 - Efficient
 - Contain little disruption

- Handling Disruptions
 - Initial
 - Second Warning
 - Order the Person to Leave
- What do you do if person refuses to leave?



Parliamentary Procedure: Handling A Motion

Nothing goes to discussion without a motion being on the floor. The process for motions includes:

- Obtaining and Assigning the Floor
- Bringing the Motion Before the Commission
- Consideration of the Motion
- Voting on a Motion

<u>Types of Motions</u>

- Adjournment
- Recess
- Complaint about noise
- Suspend further consideration of something
- End debate
- Postpone consideration
- Amend a motion
- Introduce business



Conflicts of Interest

- Biennial Ethics Training (AB 1234)
 - Gov. Code, § 53235 –
 requires at least two (2)
 hours of training in general
 ethics principles and ethics
 laws every two (2)years
- Statements of Economic Interest (Form 700)
 - Filing deadline April 1st

Questions regarding potential conflicts of interest:

Resources

- Institute for Local Government www.ca-ilg.org
- California Fair Political Practices
 Commission

www.fppc.ca.gov

California Attorney General

www.oag.ca.gov/publications

Ask City Attorney





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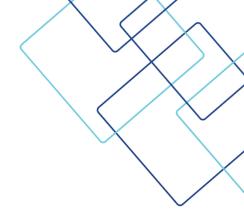
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